

# IE340 Series

# **Industrial Ethernet Layer 3 Switches**

Allied Telesis ruggedized IE340 Industrial Ethernet switches provide enduring performance in harsh environments, such as those found in manufacturing, transportation and physical security. Offering high throughput, rich functionality and advanced security features, IE340 switches deliver the performance and reliability demanded by deployments in the age of the Internet of Things (IoT).

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# Overview

Allied Telesis IE340 Series are a high-performing and feature-rich choice for today's networks. The IE340 is ideal for Industrial Ethernet applications, being fully qualified for manufacturing, automation, process control, railway transportation (Telco & Signaling), roadway transportation (Traffic Control) and Smart Cities.

With a fanless design and a wide operating temperature range, the IE340 tolerates the harsh and demanding environments found in industrial and outdoor deployments.

Modbus/TCP enables integration with existing factory management tools, and provides real-time automation in modular control and distributed systems.

# Network management

Allied Telesis Autonomous Management Framework™ (AMF) meets the increasing management requirements of today's modern converged networks, by automating many everyday tasks such as configuration management. AMF's powerful features allow an entire network to be easily managed as a single virtual device.

Vista Manager™ EX is an intuitive visualization tool that complements the power of AMF. It allows users to monitor the network and quickly identify issues before they become major problems.

# Securing the network edge

Ensuring data protection means controlling network access. Protocols such as IEEE 802.1X port-based authentication guarantee that only known users are connected to the network.

Unknown users who physically connect can be segregated into a predetermined part of the network. This offers guests Internet access, while ensuring the integrity of private data.

# Gigabit and Fast Ethernet

The IE340 Series SFP ports support both Gigabit and Fast Ethernet Small Form-Factor Pluggables (SFPs)¹. This makes the IE340 Series ideal for environments where Gigabit fiber switches will be phased in over time, and allows for connectivity to the legacy 100FX hardware until it is upgraded to Gigabit Ethernet. Support for both speeds of SFP allows organizations to stay within budget as they migrate to faster technologies.

# Network resiliency

The IE340 Series supports highly stable and reliable ICT network switching, with recovery times down to 50ms. The IE340 can be customized with the most appropriate mechanism and protocol to prevent network connection failure. Choices include Allied Telesis Ethernet Protection Switched Ring (EPSRing™), and the standards-based ITU-T G.8032.

# Configurable PoE power budget and dynamic power allocation

On PoE-sourcing IE340 switches, the overall power budget can be configured to establish a close relationship between the power sourcing feature and the real capabilities of the external Power Supply Unit (PSU)<sup>2</sup>. PoE power is allocated dynamically, based on the current usage of each powered device.

# Future-proof

The IE340 Series ensures a futureproof network with a comprehensive feature set, and is Software Defined Networking (SDN) ready, supporting OpenFlow v1.3.

# Key Features

AlliedWare Plus<sup>™</sup> functionality

Allied Telesis Autonomous Management Framework<sup>TM</sup> (AMF) node

OpenFlow for SDN

Routing capability (ECMP, OSPF, RIP, Static and BGP)

Active Fiber Monitoring<sup>™</sup> (AFM)

Industrial automation protocol support (Modbus/TCP)

Ethernet Protection Switched Ring (EPSRing™)

Ethernet Ring Protection Switching (ITU-T G.8032)

Upstream Forwarding Only (UFO)

Precise time synchronization with sub-microsecond resolution (IEEE 1588 PTP)

IEEE 802.3at PoE+ sourcing (30W)

Dynamic PoE power allocation

Continuous PoE

Redundant power inputs

Alarm input/output

Protection circuits

Alarm monitoring

**Enhanced Thermal Shutdown** 

Fanless design

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> IE340L model does not support this feature.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Power supply must be compliant with local/national safety and electrical code requirements. Select the supply with the most appropriate output power derating curve.

# **Key Features**

# Allied Telesis Autonomous Management Framework™ (AMF)

AMF is a sophisticated suite of management tools that provide a simplified approach to network management. Common tasks are automated or made so simple that the every-day running of a network can be achieved without the need for highly-trained, and expensive, network engineers. Powerful features like centralized management, auto-backup, auto-upgrade, auto-provisioning and auto-recovery enable plug-and-play networking and zero-touch management.

AMF secure mode encrypts all AMF traffic, provides unit and user authorization, and monitors network access to greatly enhance network security.

# Software Defined Networking (SDN)

OpenFlow is a key technology that enables the use of SDN to build smart applications that unlock value and reduce cost.

#### Resiliency

EPSRing<sup>TM</sup> and ITU-T G.8032 enable a protected ring capable of recovery within as little as 50ms. These features are perfect for high performance and high availability.

Spanning Tree Protocol compatible. RSTP, MSTP, static Link Aggregation Group (LAG), and dynamic Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP) support.

# Quality of Service (QoS)

Comprehensive low-latency wire-speed OoS provides flow-based traffic management with full classification, prioritization, traffic shaping and min/max bandwidth profiles. Enjoy boosted network performance and guaranteed delivery of business-critical Ethernet services and applications. Time-critical services like voice and video applications take precedence over non-essential services like file downloads, maintaining responsiveness of Enterprise applications.

# sFlow

sFlow is an industry standard technology for monitoring high speed switched networks. It provides complete visibility into network use, enabling performance optimization, usage accounting/billing, and defense against security threats. Sampled packets sent to a collector ensure it always has a real-time view of network traffic.

# **Active Fiber Monitoring (AFM)**

Active Fiber Monitoring prevents eavesdropping on fiber communications by monitoring received optical power. If an intrusion is detected, the link can be automatically shut down, or an operator alert can be sent.

# Link Layer Discovery Protocol – Media Endpoint Discovery (LLDP – MED)

LLDP-MED extends LLDP basic network endpoint discovery and management functions. LLDP-MED allows for media endpoint specific messages, providing detailed information on power equipments, network policy, location discovery (for Emergency Call Services) and inventory.

# **VLAN Mirroring (RSPAN)**

VLAN mirroring allows traffic from a port on a remote switch to be analyzed locally. Traffic being transmitted or received on the port is duplicated and sent across the network on a special VLAN.

#### **VLAN Translation**

VLAN Translation allows traffic arriving on a VLAN to be mapped to a different VLAN on the outgoing paired interface.

#### **VLAN ACLs**

Simplify access and traffic control across entire segments of the network. Access Control Lists (ACLs) can be applied to a VLAN as well as a specific port.

## Security (Tri-Authentication)

Authentication options on the IE340 Series also include alternatives to IEEE 802.1X port-based authentication, such as web authentication, to enable guest access and MAC authentication for endpoints that do not have an IEEE 802.1X supplicant. All three authentication methods—IEEE 802.1X, MAC-based and Web-based—can be enabled simultaneously on the same port for tri-authentication.

# **Upstream Forwarding Only (UFO)**

UFO lets you manage which ports in a VLAN can communicate with each other, and which only have upstream access to services, for secure multi-user deployment.

# Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) Snooping

DHCP servers allocate IP addresses to clients, and the switch keeps a record of addresses issued on each port. IP source guard checks against this DHCP snooping database to ensure only clients with specific IP and/or MAC address can access the network. DHCP snooping can be combined with other features, like dynamic ARP inspection, to increase security in layer 2 switched environments, and also provides a traceable history, which meets the growing legal requirements placed on service providers.

# Precise time synchronization with sub-microsecond precision (IEEE 1588-2008 PTPv2)

Measurement and automation systems involving multiple devices often require accurate timing in order to facilitate event synchronization and data correlation. The IEEE 1588 Precise Time Protocol is a fault tolerant method enabling clock synchronization in a distributed system that communicates using an Ethernet network; this deterministic communication network is designed to provide precise timing for automation applications and measurement systems.

IE340 supports IEEE 1588-2008 (PTPv2) as Transparent Clock End-to-End mode, and performs an active role on Ethernet networks reducing the effects of Jitter.

# Power over Ethernet Plus (PoE+)

With PoE, a separate power connection to media endpoints such as IP phones and wireless access points is not necessary. PoE+ reduces costs and provides even greater flexibility, providing the capability to connect devices requiring more

power (up to 30 Watts) such as pan, tilt and zoom security cameras.

The IE340 series allows the configuration of the overall PoE power budget to match the real capabilities of the external Power Supply Unit (PSU). The PoE power budget is allocated automatically and dynamically, based on the current usage of each powered device.

If the devices connected to a switch require more power than the switch is capable of delivering, the switch will deny power to some ports, according to the assigned priority.

## Continuous PoE

Continuous PoE allows the switch to be restarted without affecting the supply of power to connected devices. Smart lighting, security cameras, and other PoE devices will continue to operate during a software upgrade on the switch.

# **Industrial Automation**

Modbus/TCP is intended for supervision and control of automation equipment; that is a variant of the MODBUS protocol using the TCP/IP for communications on Ethernet networks.

Modbus/TCP supports read/write register access and heartbeats functions to enhance the efficiency of the process control for both SCADA and slave devices.

## Alarm Input/Output

Alarm Input and Alarm Output are useful for security integration solutions. These respond to events instantly and automatically on a pre-defined event scheme, and send an alert message to the monitoring control center. The 2-pin terminal blocks may be connected to sensors and actuator relays. Alarm Input receives signals from external devices like motion sensors and magnets that will trigger subsequent actions if something changes. Alarm Output controls external devices upon an event, for example sirens, strobes and PTZ cameras.

# **Protection Circuits**

The IE340 series have optimized protection circuits to guard against the following abnormal conditions:

- Reverse input voltage polarity
- Over- and under-voltage
- Over-current, peak-current and short-circuit
- Over-temperature

# **Alarm Monitoring**

The IE340 series features the alarm facility to monitor the switch's environment and respond problem as they occur. Example of alarm events include:

- Main power supply failure
- Over-temperature
- Port link down
- Power requirements of all PoE powered devices exceed available power budget
- PoE powered devices exceed individual port budget
- External Alarm contact input

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# Key Features continued

#### **Enhanced Thermal Shutdown**

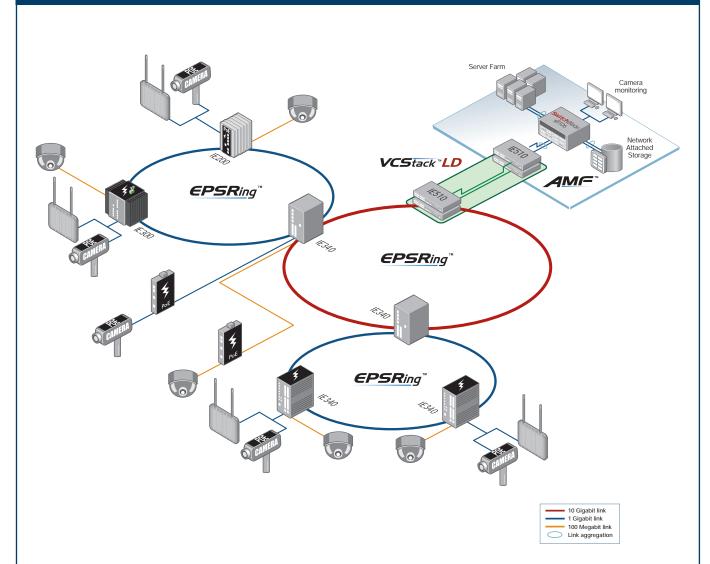
The Enhanced Thermal Shutdown feature acts to restrict PoE power and services when the switch exceeds the safe operating temperature.

The system restores operation when the temperature returns to acceptable levels.

# **Premium Software License**

By default, the IE340 Series offers a comprehensive Layer 2 and Layer 3 feature set that includes static routing and IPv6 management features. The feature set can easily be upgraded with premium software licenses

# **Key Solutions**



EPSRing<sup>™</sup> and ITU-T G.8032 provide high-speed resilient ring connectivity. This diagram shows the IE Series in a double ring network topology.

The IE Series operates at a wide temperature range, and allows deployment in outdoor and harsh industrial environments.

PoE models feed 30 Watts per port, and support remotely controlled Pan, Tilt and Zoom (PTZ) video cameras.

Management can be automated with the Allied Telesis Autonomous Management Framework™ (AMF).

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# **Specifications**

PRODUCT	10/100/1000T (RJ-45) COPPER PORTS	100/1000X SFP PORTS	1000X SFP PORTS	TOTAL PORTS	POE+ ENABLED PORTS	SWITCHING FABRIC	FORWARDING RATE
IE340-12GP	8	4	-	12	8	24Gbps	17.8Mpps
IE340-12GT	8	4	-	12	-	24Gbps	17.8Mpps
IE340-20GP	16	4	-	20	16	40Gbps	29.7Mpps
IE340L-18GP	16	-	2	18	16	36Gbps	26.7Mpps

Performance

RAM memory 512MB DDR SDRAM ROM memory 128MB flash MAC address 16K entries

Packet Buffer 1.5 MBytes (12.2 Mbits)

Priority Queues 8
Simultaneous VLANs 4K
VLANs ID range 1 – 4094
Jumbo frames 9KB jumbo packets
Multicast groups 511 (Layer 2), or

256 (Layer 2) and 256 (Layer 3)4

Other Interfaces

Type Serial console (UART)

Port no.

Connector RJ-45 female

Type USB2.0 (Host Controller Class)

Port no. 1

Connector Type A receptacle

Type Alarm input (320µA @3.3Vdc)

Port no. 1

Connector 2-pin Terminal Block

Type Alarm output (0.5A @30Vdc)

Port no. 1

Connector 2-pin Terminal Block

Type Power Input Port no. 2

# Reliability

Connector

Modular AlliedWare™ operating system

Redundant power input

Full environmental monitoring of temperature and internal voltages. SNMP traps alert network managers in case of any failure

2-pin Terminal Block

Enhanced Thermal Shutdown

Protection circuits against abnormal operations

# Flexibility and Compatibility

Gigabit SFP ports supports any combination of Allied Telesis 10Mbps, 100Mbps and 1Gbps SFP modules listed in this document under Ordering Information

# **Industrial Automation**

IEEE 1588v2 1-step End-to-End Transparent Clock Modbus/TCP with master/slave earthbeats facility

# Diagnostic Tools

Active Fiber Monitoring detects tampering on optical links

Automatic link flap detection and port shutdown

Built-In Self Test (BIST)
Cable fault locator (TDR)

<sup>3</sup> IE340L model does not support this feature

Connectivity Fault Management (CFM) - Continuity Check Protocol (CCP) for use with G.8032 ERPS

Event logging via Syslog over IPv4

Find-me device locator

Optical Digital Diagnostic Monitoring (DDM)

Ping polling for IPv4 and IPv6
Port and VLAN mirroring (RSPAN)
TraceRoute for IPv4 and IPv6
UniDirectional Link Detection (UDLD)

# **IPv4 Features**

Black hole routing

Directed broadcast forwarding

DHCP server and relay

DNS relay

Equal Cost Multi Path (ECMP) routing Route redistribution (OSPF, RIP, and BGP) Static unicast and multicast routes for IPv4

UDP broadcast helper (IP helper)

#### **IPv6 Features**

DHCPv6 server and relay

Device management over IPv6 networks with

SNMPv6, Telnetv6 and SSHv6

DNSv6 relay

IPv4 and IPv6 dual stack
IPv6 hardware ACLs
NTPv6 client and server
Static unicast routing for IPv6

# Management

Front panel LEDs provide at-a-glance PSU status, PoE status, and fault information

Allied Telesis Autonomous Management Framework (AMF) node

Console management port on the front panel for ease of access

Eco-friendly mode allows ports and LEDs to be disabled to save power

Industry-standard CLI with context-sensitive help

Powerful CLI scripting engine

Built-in text editor

Event-based triggers allow user-defined scripts to be executed upon selected system events

SNMPv1/v2c/v3 support

Comprehensive SNMP MIB support for standards based device management

USB interface allows software release files, configurations and other files to be stored for backup and distribution to other devices<sup>3</sup>

Recessed Reset button

# Quality of Service

8 priority queues with a hierarchy of high priority queues for real-time traffic, and mixed scheduling, for each switch port

Extensive remarking capabilities

IP precedence and DiffServ marking based on Layer 2, 3 and 4 headers

Limit bandwidth per port or per traffic class down to 64kbps

Policy-based QoS based on VLAN, port, MAC and general packet classifiers

Policy-based storm protection

Strict priority, weighted round robin or mixed scheduling

Taildrop for queue congestion control

Wirespeed traffic classification with low latency essential for VoIP and real-time streaming media applications

# **Resiliency Features**

Control Plane Prioritization (CPP) ensures the CPU always has sufficient bandwidth to process network control traffic

Dynamic link failover (host attach)

Ethernet Protection Switching Ring (EPSR) with

SuperLoop Prevention (EPSR-SLP)

Ethernet Ring Protection Switching (G.8032 ERPS) Loop protection: loop detection and thrash limiting

PVST+ compatibility mode

Router Redundancy Protocol (RRP) snooping Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) root guard

# Security Features

Access Control Lists (ACLs) based on layer 3 and 4 headers

Configurable ACLs for management traffic ACL Groups enable multiple hosts/ports to be

included in a single ACL, reducing configuration
Authentication, Authorization and Accounting (AAA)

Auth fail and guest VLANs

Bootloader can be password protected for device security

BPDU protection

DHCP snooping, IP source guard and Dynamic ARP Inspection (DAI)

DoS attack blocking and virus throttling

Dynamic VLAN assignment

MAC address filtering and MAC address lockdown

Network Access and Control (NAC) features manage endpoint security

Port-based learn limits (intrusion detection)

Private VLANs provide security and port isolation for multiple customers using the same VLAN

RADIUS local server (100 users) and accounting

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> When PIM is enabled.

# IE340 Series | Industrial Ethernet, Layer 3 Switches

Secure Copy (SCP)
Strong password security and encryption
TACACS+authentication and accounting
Tri-authentication: MAC-based, web-based and
IEEE 802.1X

# **Software Defined Networking**

OpenFlow v1.3 support

# **Environmental Specifications**

Operating temperature range:5

IE340 model:

-40°C to 75°C (-40°F to 167°F)6

IE340L model:

-40°C to 65°C (-40°F to 149°F)

Storage temperature range:

-40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F)

Operating humidity range:

5% to 95% non-condensing

Storage humidity range:

5% to 90% non-condensing

Operating altitude:

3,000 meters maximum (9,843 ft)

# Mechanical

EN 50022, EN 60715 Standardized mounting on rails

COMPLIANCE	IE340	IE340L			
Compliance Mark	CE, FCC, ICES, R	CM, TEC <sup>8</sup> , UL, VCCI			
Environmental Compliance	RoHS, China-RoHS, WEEE				
Safety <sup>s</sup>	AS/NZS 60950-1 AS/NZS 62368-1 CAN/CSA C22.2 No.60950-1 CAN/CSA C22.2 No.60950-22 CAN/CSA C22.2 No.61010-1 CAN/CSA C22.2 No.62368-1 EN/IEC/UL 61010-1 EN/IEC/UL 61010-2-201 EN/IEC/UL 60950-1 EN/IEC/UL 60950-22 EN/IEC/UL 62368-1	CAN/CSA C22.2 No.60950-1 CAN/CSA C22.2 No.60950-22 CAN/CSA C22.2 No.62368-1 EN/IEC/UL 60950-1 EN/IEC/UL 62368-1			
Electromagnetic Immunity	EN 55024 EN 61000-6-2				
EN/IEC 61000-3-2 Harmonic current emission	,	/1			
EN/IEC 61000-3-3 Voltage fluctuation and flicker	,	/1			
EN/IEC 61000-4-2 Electrostatic discharge (ESD)	le	vel 3			
EN/IEC 61000-4-3 Radiated susceptibility (RS)	level 3, level x	(for EN 50121-4)			
EN/IEC 61000-4-4 Electrical fast transient (EFT)	Signal port: level 4 DC power port: level 3				
EN/IEC 61000-4-5 Lighting/surge immunity (Surge)	Signal port: level 3 (L-E) DC power port: level 3 (L-E), level 2 (L-L, R-E)				
EN/IEC 61000-4-6 Conducted immunity (CS)	le	vel 3			
EN/IEC 61000-4-8 Magnetic field	le	vel 4			
EN/IEC 61000-4-11 AC voltage dips and interruption	✓7				
EN/IEC 61000-4-29 DC voltage dips and Interruption	,	<b>/</b> 8			
Electromagnetic Emissions	class A				
Industry					
EN 50121-4 Rail applications - S/T apparatus	✓	✓			
EN/IEC 61131-2 Programmable controller	✓ 8	-			
EN/IEC 61326-1 Measurement, control and laboratory use	<b>√</b>	-			
NEMA TS 2 Traffic controller assemblies	✓	✓			
Freefall	IEC60068-2-31, class T2.3				
Shock		half-sine (DIN rail) half-sine (wall mount) half-sine			
Vibration	IEC60068-2-6 operational: 2g @10~50 non-operational: 2g	00Hz			

Refer to the Installation Guide for more details on the safety approved power ratings and thermal conditions.

# **Physical Specifications**

PRODUCT	WIDTH X DEPTH X HEIGHT	WEIGHT	ENCLOSURE	MOUNTING	PROTECTION RATE
IE340-12GP	91 x 139 x 153 mm (3.58 x 5.47 x 6.02 in)	DIN rail: 2.34 kg (5.16 lbs) Wall mount: 2.23 kg (4.91 lbs)	Aluminium/Sheet Metal shell	DIN rail, wall mount	IP30
IE340-12GT	91 x 139 x 153 mm (3.58 x 5.47 x 6.02 in)	DIN rail: 2.34 kg (5.16 lbs) Wall mount: 2.23 kg (4.91 lbs)	Aluminium/Sheet Metal shell	DIN rail, wall mount	IP30
IE340-20GP	91 x 139 x 153 mm (3.58 x 5.47 x 6.02 in)	DIN rail: 2.34 kg (5.16 lbs) Wall mount: 2.23 kg (4.91 lbs)	Aluminium/Sheet Metal shell	DIN rail, wall mount	IP30
IE340L-18GP	91 x 139 x 153 mm (3.58 x 5.47 x 6.02 in)	DIN rail: 2.34 kg (5.16 lbs) Wall mount: 2.23 kg (4.91 lbs)	Aluminium/Sheet Metal shell	DIN rail, wall mount	IP30

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> 85°C (185°F) Dry heat endurance test performed for 48hrs.

 $<sup>^7</sup>$   $\,$  Test was applied using the power supply AT-IE048-480-20.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Certification/test in progress.

# **Power Characteristics**

PRODUCT	INPUT VOLTAGE <sup>9</sup>	COOLING	NO POE LOAD		FULL POE LOAD <sup>10</sup>			MAX POE	MAX POE Sourcing Ports		
FRODUCT	INFOT VOLTAGE	COOLING	MAX POWER CONSUMPTION	MAX HEAT DISSIPATION	NOISE	MAX POWER CONSUMPTION	MAX HEAT DISSIPATION	NOISE	POWER	P0E (15W)	P0E+ (30W)
IE340-12GP	18~57V DC	fanless	24W	81.9 BTU/hr	-	271W	105.8 BTU/hr	-	240W	8	8
IE340-12GT	18~57V DC	fanless	24W	81.9 BTU/hr	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IE340-20GP	18~57V DC	fanless	24W	81.9 BTU/hr	-	271W	105.8 BTU/hr	-	240W	16	8
IE340L-18GP	46~57V DC	fanless	24W	81.9 BTU/hr	-	271W	105.8 BTU/hr	-	240W	16	8

PoE sourcing equipment require: 48Vdc to enable IEEE802.3at Type 1 (PoE) 54Vdc to enable IEEE802.3at Type 2 (PoE+)

<sup>10</sup> The Max Power consumption at full PoE load includes the powered device's consumption and margin. The cooling requirements of the switch are smaller than the power draw, because most of the load is dissipated at the PoE powered device and along the cabling. Use these wattage and BTU ratings for facility capacity planning.

Standa	ards and Protocols	RFC 793 RFC 826	Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) Address Resolution Protocol (ARP)	RFC 1213	MIB for network management of TCP/IP-based Internets: MIB-II
	are Plus Operating System	RFC 894	Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over Ethernet networks	RFC 1215	Convention for defining traps for use with the SNMP
Version 5.5.	0-1	RFC 919	Broadcasting Internet datagrams	RFC 1227	SNMP MUX protocol and MIB
		RFC 922	Broadcasting Internet datagrams in the	RFC 1239	Standard MIB
Authent			presence of subnets	RFC 1724	RIPv2 MIB extension
	MD5 Message-Digest algorithm	RFC 932	Subnetwork addressing scheme	RFC 2578	Structure of Management Information v2
RFC 1828	IP authentication using keyed MD5	RFC 950	Internet standard subnetting procedure		(SMIv2)
		RFC 951	Bootstrap Protocol (BootP)	RFC 2579	Textual conventions for SMIv2
Automa		RFC 1027	Proxy ARP	RFC 2580	Conformance statements for SMIv2
Modbus/TC		RFC 1035	DNS client	RFC 2674	Definitions of managed objects for bridges with
	2008 Precision Clock Synchronization Protocol v2	RFC 1042	Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over IEEE 802 networks		traffic classes, multicast filtering and VLAN extensions
	Gateway Protocol (BGP)	RFC 1071	Computing the Internet checksum	RFC 2741	Agent extensibility (AgentX) protocol
BGP dynam		RFC 1122	Internet host requirements	RFC 2787	Definitions of managed objects for VRRP
	nd route filtering	RFC 1191	Path MTU discovery	RFC 2819	RMON MIB (groups 1,2,3 and 9)
RFC 1772	Application of the Border Gateway Protocol	RFC 1256	ICMP router discovery messages	RFC 2863	Interfaces group MIB
DEC 1007	(BGP) in the Internet	RFC 1518	An architecture for IP address allocation with	RFC 3176	sFlow: a method for monitoring traffic in
RFC 1997	BGP communities attribute		CIDR		switched and routed networks
RFC 2439	BGP route flap damping	RFC 1519	Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR)	RFC 3411	An architecture for describing SNMP
RFC 2545	Use of BGP-4 multiprotocol extensions for IPv6 inter-domain routing	RFC 1542	Clarifications and extensions for BootP	5500440	management frameworks
RFC 2918	Route refresh capability for BGP-4	RFC 1591	Domain Name System (DNS)	RFC 3412	Message processing and dispatching for the
RFC 3882	Configuring BGP to block Denial-of-Service	RFC 1812 RFC 1918	Requirements for IPv4 routers IP addressing	RFC 3413	SNMP applications
0 0002	(DoS) attacks	RFC 2581	TCP congestion control	RFC 3414	SNMP applications User-based Security Model (USM) for SNMPv3
RFC 4271	Border Gateway Protocol 4 (BGP-4)	10 2301	Tor congestion control	RFC 3415	View-based Access Control Model (VACM) for
RFC 4360	BGP extended communities	IPv6 Fe	aturos	111 0 0 110	SNMP
RFC 4456	BGP route reflection - an alternative to full	RFC 1981	Path MTU discovery for IPv6	RFC 3416	Version 2 of the protocol operations for the
	mesh iBGP	RFC 2460	IPv6 specification		SNMP
RFC 4724	BGP graceful restart	RFC 2464	Transmission of IPv6 packets over Ethernet	RFC 3417	Transport mappings for the SNMP
RFC 4760	Multiprotocol Extensions for BGP-4		networks	RFC 3418	MIB for SNMP
RFC 5065	Autonomous system confederations for BGP	RFC 3484	Default address selection for IPv6	RFC 3621	Power over Ethernet (PoE) MIB
RFC 5492	Capabilities Advertisement with BGP-4	RFC 3587	IPv6 global unicast address format	RFC 3635	Definitions of managed objects for the
RFC 5925 RFC 6793	The TCP Authentication Option	RFC 3596	DNS extensions to support IPv6		Ethernet-like interface types
KFC 0793	BGP Support for Four-Octet Autonomous System (AS) Number Space	RFC 4007	IPv6 scoped address architecture	RFC 3636	IEEE 802.3 MAU MIB
RFC 7606	Revised Error Handling for BGP UPDATE	RFC 4193	Unique local IPv6 unicast addresses	RFC 4022	MIB for the Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)
111 0 7000	Messages	RFC 4213	Transition mechanisms for IPv6 hosts and	RFC 4113	MIB for the User Datagram Protocol (UDP)
		DEC 4201	routers	RFC 4113	Definitions of managed objects for bridges
Encrypt	ion (management traffic only)	RFC 4291 RFC 4443	IPv6 addressing architecture Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMPv6)	RFC 4292	IP forwarding table MIB
FIPS 180-1		RFC 4861	Neighbor discovery for IPv6	RFC 4293	MIB for the Internet Protocol (IP)
FIPS 186	Digital signature standard (RSA)	RFC 4862	IPv6 Stateless Address Auto-Configuration	RFC 4318	Definitions of managed objects for bridges
FIPS 46-3	Data Encryption Standard (DES and 3DES)	0 .002	(SLAAC)		with RSTP
		RFC 5014	IPv6 socket API for source address selection	RFC 4560	Definitions of managed objects for remote ping,
Etherne	t	RFC 5095	Deprecation of type 0 routing headers in IPv6		traceroute and lookup operations
IEEE 802.2	Logical Link Control (LLC)	RFC 5175	IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) flags option	RFC 5424	The Syslog protocol
IEEE 802.3	Ethernet	RFC 6105	IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) guard	RFC 6527	Definitions of managed objects for VRRPv3
IEEE 802.3	b1000BASE-T				
IEEE 802.3a	of Power over Ethernet (PoE)	Manage	ement		st Support
	at Power over Ethernet up to 30W (PoE+)	AT Enterpris	se MIB including AMF MIB and traps		touter (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM
	nz Energy Efficient Ethernet (EEE)	Optical DDN		IGMP query	
	1 100BASE-X	SNMPv1, v2			oing (IGMPv1, v2 and v3)
	Flow control - full-duplex operation		ABLink Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)		ping fast-leave
IEEE 8UZ.32	: 1000BASE-X	RFC 1155	Structure and identification of management		multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy) ing (MLDv1 and v2)
IPv4 Fea	atures	DEC 11E7	information for TCP/IP-based Internets		d SSM for IPv6
RFC 768	User Datagram Protocol (UDP)	RFC 1157 RFC 1212	Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) Concise MIB definitions	RFC 2236	Internet Group Management Protocol v2
RFC 700	Internet Protocol (IP)	1/10/12/12	CONCIDE WILD DEHILITIONS	5 2200	(IGMPv2)
RFC 792	Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP)			RFC 2710	Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) for IPv6
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# IE340 Series | Industrial Ethernet, Layer 3 Switches

RFC 2715	Interoperability rules for multicast routing protocols	RFC 2698 RFC 3246	A two-rate three-color marker DiffServ Expedited Forwarding (EF)	RFC 5425	Transport Layer Security (TLS) transport mapping for Syslog
RFC 3306	Unicast-prefix-based IPv6 multicast addresses	111 0 02 10	Emocry Exposured Formataing (ET)	RFC 5656	Elliptic curve algorithm integration for SSH
RFC 3376	IGMPv3	Resilier	ncy Features	RFC 6125	Domain-based application service identity
RFC 3590	Source Address Selection for the Multicast		23 / Y.1344 Ethernet Ring Protection		within PKI using X.509 certificates with TLS
	Listener Discovery (MLD) Protocol	110 1 0.00	Switching (ERPS)	RFC 6614	Transport Layer Security (TLS) encryption for
RFC 3810	Multicast Listener Discovery v2 (MLDv2) for	IFFF 802 1:	ag CFM Continuity Check Protocol (CCP)		RADIUS
	IPv6		AX Link aggregation (static and LACP)	RFC 6668	SHA-2 data integrity verification for SSH
RFC 3956	Embedding the Rendezvous Point (RP) address		D MAC bridges		3 ,
	in an IPv6 multicast address		Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP)	Service	S
RFC 3973	PIM Dense Mode (DM)		w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)	RFC 854	Telnet protocol specification
RFC 4541	IGMP and MLD snooping switches		adStatic and dynamic link aggregation	RFC 855	Telnet option specifications
RFC 4604	Using IGMPv3 and MLDv2 for source-specific	RFC 5798	, 00 0	RFC 857	Telnet echo option
	multicast		(VRRPv3) for IPv4 and IPv6	RFC 858	Telnet suppress go ahead option
RFC 4607	Source-specific multicast for IP			RFC 1091	Telnet terminal-type option
RFC 7761	Protocol Independent Multicast - Sparse Mode	Routing	Information Protocol (RIP)	RFC 1350	The TFTP protocol (revision 2)
	(PIM-SM): Protocol specification	RFC 1058	Routing Information Protocol (RIP)	RFC 1985	SMTP service extension
		RFC 2080	RIPng for IPv6	RFC 2049	MIME
Open SI	hortest Path First (OSPF)	RFC 2081	RIPng protocol applicability statement	RFC 2131	DHCPv4 (server, relay and client)
OSPF link-lo	ocal signaling	RFC 2082	RIP-2 MD5 authentication	RFC 2132	DHCP options and BootP vendor extensions
OSPF MD5	authentication	RFC 2453	RIPv2	RFC 2616	Hypertext Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1
OSPF restar	rt signaling			RFC 2821	Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP)
Out-of-band	LSDB resync	Securit	y Features	RFC 2822	Internet message format
RFC 1245	OSPF protocol analysis	SSH remote		RFC 3046	DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP
RFC 1246	Experience with the OSPF protocol	SSLv2 and			option 82)
RFC 1370	Applicability statement for OSPF		Accounting, Authentication, Authorization (AAA)	RFC 3315	Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6
RFC 1765	OSPF database overflow		X authentication protocols (TLS, TTLS, PEAP and		(DHCPv6)
RFC 2328	OSPFv2		MD5)	RFC 3396	Encoding Long Options in the Dynamic Host
RFC 2370	OSPF opaque LSA option	IEEE 802.12	K multi-supplicant authentication		Configuration Protocol (DHCPv4)
RFC 2740	OSPFv3 for IPv6		K port-based network access control	RFC 3633	IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6
RFC 3101	OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option	RFC 2818	HTTP over TLS ("HTTPS")	RFC 3646	DNS configuration options for DHCPv6
RFC 3509	Alternative implementations of OSPF area	RFC 2865	RADIUS authentication	RFC 3993	Subscriber-ID suboption for DHCP relay agent
	border routers	RFC 2866	RADIUS accounting		option
RFC 3623	Graceful OSPF restart	RFC 2868	RADIUS attributes for tunnel protocol support	RFC 4954	SMTP Service Extension for Authentication
RFC 3630	Traffic engineering extensions to OSPF	RFC 2986	PKCS #10: certification request syntax	RFC 5905	Network Time Protocol (NTP) version 4
RFC 4552	Authentication/confidentiality for OSPFv3		specification v1.7		
RFC 5329	Traffic engineering extensions to OSPFv3	RFC 3579	RADIUS support for Extensible Authentication	VLAN S	
RFC 5340	OSPFv3 for IPv6 (partial support)		Protocol (EAP)		AN Registration Protocol (GVRP)
		RFC 3580	IEEE 802.1x RADIUS usage guidelines	IEEE 802.1a	ad Provider bridges (VLAN stacking, Q-in-Q)

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RFC 5329 RFC 5340	Traffic engineering extensions to OSPFv3 OSPFv3 for IPv6 (partial support)	RFC 3579	RADIUS support for Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP)
Quality	Priority tagging Specification of the controlled-load network element service DiffServ precedence for eight queues/port DiffServ architecture DiffServ Assured Forwarding (AF) A single-rate three-color marker	RFC 3580 RFC 3748 RFC 4251 RFC 4252 RFC 4253 RFC 4254 RFC 5246 RFC 5280	IEEE 802.1x RADIUS usage guidelines Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) Secure Shell (SSHv2) protocol architecture Secure Shell (SSHv2) authentication protocol Secure Shell (SSHv2) transport layer protocol Secure Shell (SSHv2) connection protocol Transport Layer Security (TLS) v1.2 X.509 certificate and Certificate Revocation List (CRL) profile

IEEE 802.1ad Provider bridges (VLAN stacking, Q-in-Q), IEEE 802.1Q Virtual LAN (VLAN) bridges IEEE 802.1V VLAN classification by protocol and port IEEE 802.3acVLAN tagging

Voice over IP (VoIP)
Voice VLAN
ANSI/TIA-1057 Link Layer Discovery Protocol-Media
Endpoint Discovery (LLDP-MED)

# **Feature Licenses**

NAME	DESCRIPTION	INCLUDES
AT-FL-IE34-CP0E	IE340 Series Continuous PoE license	Continuous PoE
AT-FL-IE34-8032	IE340 Series G.8032 license	ITU-T G.8032 Ethernet CFM
AT-FL-IE34-L2-1	IE340 Series Layer 2 Premium license	EPSR Master VLAN Translation VLAN double tagging (QinQ
AT-FL-IE34-L3-1	IE340 Series Layer 3 Premium license	BGP (64 routes) BGP+ (64 routes) OSPF (64 routes) OSPFv3 (64 routes) PIM-SM, DM and SMM (256 routes) PIMv6-SM and SMM (256 routes) RIP (64 routes) RIPng (64 routes) VRRP and VRRPv3
AT-FL-IE34-MODB	IE340 Series Modbus/TCP license	Modbus/TCP
AT-FL-IE34-OF13-1YR	IE340 Series OpenFlow license for 1 year	OpenFlow v1.3
AT-FL-IE34-0F13-5YR	IE340 Series OpenFlow license for 5 years	OpenFlow v1.3

**NETWORK SMARTER** IE340 | **7** 

# IE340 Series | Industrial Ethernet, Layer 3 Switches

# **Ordering Information**

#### **Switches**

The DIN rail and wall mount kits are included. IE340L does not include the serial console cable.

#### AT-IE340-12GP-80

8x 10/100/1000T, 4x 100/1000X SFP, Industrial Ethernet, Layer 3 Switch, PoE+ Support

# AT-IE340-12GT-80

8x 10/100/1000T, 4x 100/1000X SFP, Industrial Ethernet, Layer 3 Switch

#### AT-IE340-20GP-80

16x 10/100/1000T, 4x 100/1000X SFP, Industrial Ethernet, Layer 3 Switch, PoE+ Support

#### AT-IE340L-18GP-80

16x 10/100/1000T, 2x 1000X SFP, Industrial Ethernet, Layer 3 Switch, PoE+ Support

# **Power Supplies**

## AT-IE048-480-20

480W @48Vdc, Industrial AC/DC power supply, DIN rail mount

# AT-DRB50-48-1

50W @48Vdc, Industrial AC/DC power supply, DIN rail mount

# **Supported SFP Modules**

Refer to the installation guide for the recommended Max. Operating Temperature according to the selected SFP module.

# 1000Mbps SFP Modules

#### AT-SPBD10-13

10 km, 1G BiDi SFP, LC, SMF, (1310Tx/1490Rx)

#### AT-SPBD10-14

10 km, 1G BiDi SFP, LC, SMF, (1490Tx/1310Rx)

## AT-SPBD20-13/I

20 km, 1G BiDi SFP, SC, SMF, I-Temp, (1310Tx/1490Rx)

# AT-SPBD20-14/I

20 km, 1G BiDi SFP, SC, SMF, I-Temp, (1490Tx/1310Rx)

# AT-SPBD20LC/I-13

20 km, 1G BiDi SFP, LC, SMF, I-Temp, (1310Tx/1490Rx)

#### AT-SPBD20LC/I-14

20 km, 1G BiDi SFP, LC, SMF, I-Temp, (1490Tx/1310Rx)

#### AT-SPBD40-13/I

40 km, 1G BiDi SFP, LC, SMF, I-Temp, (1310Tx/1490Rx)

## AT-SPBD40-14/I

40 km, 1G BiDi SFP, LC, SMF, I-Temp, (1490Tx/ 1310Rx)

#### AT-SPEX

2 km, 1000EX SFP, LC, MMF, 1310 nm

# AT-SPEX/E

2 km, 1000EX SFP, LC, MMF, 1310 nm, Ext. Temp

# AT-SPLX10/I

10 km, 1000LX SFP, LC, SMF, 1310 nm, I-Temp

# AT-SPLX10/E

10 km, 1000LX SFP, LC, SMF, 1310 nm, Ext. Temp

#### AT-SPLX40

40 km, 1000LX SFP, LC, SMF, 1310 nm

# AT-SPLX40/E

40 km, 1000LX SFP, LC, SMF, 1310 nm, Ext. Temp

#### AT-SPSX

550 m, 1000SX SFP, LC, MMF, 850 nm

#### AT-SPSX/I

550 m, 1000SX SFP, LC, MMF, 850 nm, I-Temp

#### AT-SPSX/E

550 m, 1000SX SFP, LC, MMF, 850 nm, Ext. Temp

# AT-SPTX/I

100 m, 10/100/1000T SFP, RJ-45, I-Temp

#### AT-SPZX80<sup>11</sup>

80 km, 1000ZX SFP, LC, SMF, 1550 nm

#### AT-SPZX120/I

120 km, 1000LX SFP, LC, SMF, 1550 nm, I-Temp

# 100Mbps SFP modules12

## AT-SPFX/2

2 km, 100FX SFP, LC, MMF, 1310 nm

#### AT-SPFX/15

15 km, 100FX SFP, LC, SMF, 1310 nm

# AT-SPFXBD-LC-13

15 km, 100FX BiDi SFP, LC, SMF, (1310 Tx/1550 Rx)

# AT-SPFXBD-LC-15

15 km, 100FX BiDi SFP, LC, SMF, (1550 Rx/1310 Tx)

#### Accessories

# AT-VT-Kit3

Management cable (USB to serial console)



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Available in Japan only.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> IE340L model does not support this feature.