

x530L-52GPX

Stackable Intelligent Layer 3 Switch

The Allied Telesis x530L-52GPX stackable Layer 3 switch features high capacity, resiliency and easy management, making it the ideal choice for network access applications.





Overview

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The Allied Telesis x530L-52GPX is a high-performing and feature-rich choice for today's networks, featuring 48 Gigabit ports and 4 x 10 Gigabit uplinks. Combined with the ability to stack multiple units, the x530L-52GPX provides a versatile solution for enterprise applications.

Powerful network management

Allied Telesis Autonomous Management Framework[™] (AMF) automates many everyday tasks including configuration management, easing the workload of modern networks. The entire network can be managed as a single virtual device with powerful centralized features. Growing the network can be accomplished with plug-and-play simplicity, and network node recovery is fully zero-touch.

AMF secure mode increases network security with management traffic encryption, authorization and monitoring. AMF Guestnode allows third-party devices, such as IP phones and security cameras, to be part of the AMF network.

Network resiliency

Today's converging online services means there is increasing demand for highly-available networks with minimal downtime. Allied Telesis VCStack™, in conjunction with link aggregation, provides a network with no single point of failure and application resiliency.

x530L-52GPX switches can form a VCStack of up to 4 units for enhanced resiliency and simplified device management. Mixed stacking allows

the x530L-52GPX to stack with x530 Series Switches. Long Distance Stacking (VCStack LD), which enables stacks to be created over long distance fiber links, makes the x530L-52GPX the perfect choice for distributed environments too.

Allied Telesis Ethernet Protection Switched Ring (EPSRing™), and the standards-based G.8032 Ethernet Ring Protection, ensure that distributed network segments have high-speed, resilient access to online resources and applications.

Reliable

The x530L-52GPX was designed with reliability in mind, and guarantees continual delivery of essential services. With dual built-in power supplies and near-hitless online stack reconfiguration, maintenance can be performed without affecting network uptime.

Secure

A secure network environment is guaranteed. The x530L-52GPX offers powerful control over network traffic types, secure management options, loop guard to protect against cabling mistakes, and tri-authentication for comprehensive access control.

Future proof

The x530L-52GPX ensures a futureproof network, with superior flexibility and the ability to stack multiple units. All x530L-52GPX models feature 10 Gigabit uplink ports and a comprehensive IPv6 feature set, to ensure they are ready for future network traffic demands.

Environmentally friendly

The x530L-52GPX supports Energy Efficient Ethernet (EEE), automatically reducing the power consumed by the switch whenever there is no traffic on a port. This sophisticated feature significantly lowers operating costs by reducing the power requirements of the switch and any associated cooling equipment.

Key Features

Autonomous Management Framework[™] (AMF)

VCStack™ up to 4 switches

Stack over long distances for distributed resilient backbones

EPSR™ and G.8032 ERPS for resilient rings

Up to 740W Power Over Ethernet (PoE+)

Continuous PoE

Active Fiber Monitoring (AFM)

Dual fixed power supplies











Key Features

Autonomous Management Framework™ (AMF)

AMF is a sophisticated suite of management tools that provide a simplified approach to network management. Powerful features like centralized management, auto-backup, auto-upgrade, auto-provisioning and auto-recovery enable plug-and-play networking and zero-touch management.

Any x530L-52GPX switch can operate as the AMF network master, storing firmware and configuration backups for other network nodes. The AMF master enables auto-provisioning and auto-upgrade by providing appropriate files to new network members. New network devices can be pre-provisioned, making installation easy because no onsite configuration is required.

AMF Guestnode allows Allied Telesis wireless APs and other switching products, as well as third-party devices such as IP phones and security cameras, to be part of an AMF network.

$\ \, \text{Virtual Chassis Stacking (VCStack}^{\text{\tiny TM}})$

Create a VCStack of up to 4 units with 40 Gbps of stacking bandwidth for each unit. Stacking links are connected in a ring so each device has dual connections to further improve resiliency. VCStack provides a highly-available system where network resources are spread out across stacked units, reducing the impact if one of the units fails. Aggregating switch ports on different units across the stack provides excellent network resiliency.

Mixed stacking allows the x530L-52GPX to stack with x530 Series switches, providing flexible deployment options.

Long-Distance Stacking (VCStack LD)

VCStack LD allows a VCStack to be created over longer distances, perfect for distributed network environments.

Ethernet Protection Switched Ring (EPSRing™)

EPSRing and 10 Gigabit Ethernet allow several x530L-52GPX switches to form high-speed protected rings capable of recovery within as little as 50ms. This feature is perfect for high performance and high availability in enterprise networks.

Super-Loop Protection (SLP) enables a link between two EPSR nodes to be in separate EPSR domains, improving redundancy and network fault resiliency.

G.8032 Ethernet Ring Protection

G.8032 provides standards-based high-speed ring protection, that can be deployed as standalone, or interoperate with Allied Telesis EPSR.

Ethernet Connectivity Fault Monitoring (CFM) proactively monitors links and VLANs, and provides alerts when a fault is detected.

Power over Ethernet Plus (PoE+)

With PoE, a separate power connection to media endpoints such as IP phones and wireless access points is not necessary. PoE+ reduces costs and provides even greater flexibility, providing the capability to connect devices requiring more power (up to 30 Watts) such as pan, tilt and zoom security cameras.

The x530L-52GPX allows the configuration of the overall power budget, as well as the power limit per port.

Active Fiber Monitoring (AFM)

AFM prevents eavesdropping on fiber communications by monitoring received optical power. If an intrusion is detected, the link can be automatically shut down, or an operator alert can be sent.

Continuous PoE

Continuous PoE allows the switch to be restarted without affecting the supply of power to connected devices. Smart lighting, security cameras, and other PoE devices will continue to operate during a software upgrade on the switch.

High Reliability

The x530L-52GPX features front to back cooling and dual PSUs.

Voice VLAN

Voice VLAN automatically separates voice and data traffic into two different VLANs. This automatic separation places delay-sensitive traffic into a voice-dedicated VLAN, which simplifies QoS configurations.

sFlow

sFlow is an industry-standard technology for monitoring high-speed switched networks. It provides complete visibility into network use, enabling performance optimization, usage accounting/billing, and defense against security threats. Sampled packets sent to a collector ensure a real-time view of network traffic.

VLAN Mirroring (RSPAN)

VLAN mirroring allows traffic from a port on a remote switch to be analyzed locally. Traffic being transmitted or received on the port is duplicated and sent across the network on a special VLAN.

Optical DDM

Most modern optical SFP/SFP+/QSFP transceivers support Digital Diagnostics Monitoring (DDM). This enables real time monitoring of various parameters of the transceiver, such as optical output power,

temperature, laser bias current and transceiver supply voltage. Easy access to this information simplifies diagnosing problems with optical modules and fiber connections.

Tri-authentication

Authentication options on the x530L-52GPX also include alternatives to IEEE 802.1x port-based authentication, such as web authentication to enable guest access and MAC authentication for endpoints that do not have an IEEE 802.1x supplicant. All three authentication methods—IEEE 802.1x, MAC-based and Web-based—can be enabled simultaneously on the same port for tri-authentication.

TACACS+ Command Authorization

Centralized control over which commands may be issued by a specific AlliedWare Plus device users. TACACS+ command authorization complements authentication and accounting services for a complete AAA solution.

Premium Software License

By default, the x530L-52GPX offers a comprehensive Layer 2 and basic Layer 3 feature set that includes static routing and IPv6 management features. The feature set can easily be elevated to full Layer 3 by applying the premium software license. This adds dynamic routing protocols and Layer 3 multicasting capabilities.

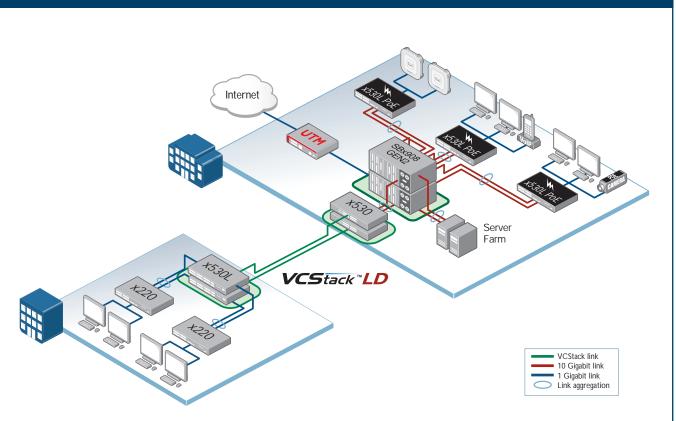
VLAN Access Control List (ACLs)

Simplify access and traffic control across entire segments of the network. ACLs can be applied to a VLAN as well as a specific port.

Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) Snooping

DHCP servers allocate IP addresses to clients, and the switch keeps a record of addresses issued on each port. IP source guard checks against this DHCP snooping database to ensure only clients with specific IP and/or MAC address can access the network. DHCP snooping can be combined with other features, like dynamic ARP inspection, to increase security in Layer 2 switched environments, and also provides a traceable history, which meets the growing legal requirements placed on service providers.

Key Solutions



Resilient distribution switching

The x530L-52GPX is ideal for distribution solutions, where resiliency and flexibility are required. In the above diagram, distribution switches utilize long-distance Virtual Chassis Stacking (VCStack-LD) to create a single virtual unit out of multiple devices. By using fiber stacking connectivity, units can be kilometers apart – perfect for a distributed environment. Mixed stacking allows the x530L-52GPX and x530 Series switches to be stacked together for even more deployment flexibility.

When combined with link aggregation, VCStack provides a solution with no single point of failure that fully utilizes all network bandwidth.

The x530L-52GPX supports Enterprises and their use of business-critical online resources and applications, with a resilient and reliable distribution solution.

Power at the network edge

The x530L-52GPX can provide 740 Watts of power, making the full 30 Watts of PoE+ available to high-power endpoints. This flexible PoE solution can power today's most advanced devices, including PTZ cameras with heaters/blowers, enhanced lighting management, wireless access points and more.

Dual internal PSUs provide redundancy, while Continuous PoE ensures power delivery to endpoints even during a switch firmware upgrade.

With advanced security and access control features, and built-in resiliency, the x530L-52GPX is an ideal choice for connecting and powering devices at the network edge.

Specifications

PRODUCT	10/100/1000T (RJ-45) COPPER PORTS	1/10 GIGABIT SFP+ PORTS STACKING PORTS		POE+ ENABLED PORTS	SWITCHING FABRIC	FORWARDING RATE	
x530L-52GPX	48	4	2*	48	176Gbps	130.9Mpps	

^{*} Stacking ports can be configured as additional 1G/10G Ethernet ports when the switch is not stacked

Performance

40Gbps of stacking bandwidth using front panel 10G SFP+ ports

Supports 10KB jumbo frames

Wirespeed multicasting

4094 configurable VLANs

16K MAC addresses

1GB DDR3 SDRAM, 256MB NAND flash memory

Packet buffer memory: 3MB

Reliability

Modular AlliedWare Plus operating system Full environmental monitoring of PSUs, fans, temperature and internal voltages. SNMP traps alert network managers in case of any failure

Expandability

Stack up to 4 units in a VCStack

Versatile licensing options for additional features

Flexibility and Compatibility

10G SFP+ ports will support any combination of Allied Telesis 1000Mbps SFP and 10GbE SFP+ modules and direct attach cables listed in this document under Ordering Information

Port speed and duplex configuration can be set manually or by auto-negotiation

Front-panel SFP+ stacking ports can be configured as 1G/10G Ethernet ports

Diagnostic Tools

Connectivity Fault Management (CFM) - Continuity Check Protocol (CCP) for use with G.8032 ERPS

Built-In Self Test (BIST)

Ping polling and TraceRoute for IPv4 and IPv6 Optical Digital Diagnostic Monitoring (DDM)

Find-me device locator

Automatic link flap detection and port shutdown

Cable fault locator (TDR)

Uni-Directional Link Detection (UDLD)

Active Fiber Monitoring detects tampering on optical links

Port and VLAN mirroring (RSPAN)

IPv4 Features

Equal Cost Multi Path (ECMP) routing

Static unicast and multicast routing for IPv4

UDP broadcast helper (IP helper)

Directed broadcast forwarding

Black hole routing

DNS relay

Policy-based routing

Route redistribution (OSPF, RIP, and BGP)

IPv6 Features

Device management over IPv6 networks with

SNMPv6, Telnetv6 and SSHv6

IPv4 and IPv6 dual stack

Log to IPv6 hosts with Syslog v6

NTPv6 client and server

DNSv6 client, DNSv6 relay

DHCPv6 relay and client

Static IPv6 unicast and multicast routing

IPv6 aware storm protection and QoS

IPv6 hardware ACLs

Management

Industry-standard CLI with context-sensitive help Built-in text editor and powerful CLI scripting

Comprehensive SNMP MIB support for standardsbased device management

Console management port on the front panel for ease of access

Event-based triggers allow user-defined scripts to be executed upon selected system events

Eco-friendly mode allows ports and LEDs to be disabled to save power

USB interface allows software release files, configurations and other files to be stored for backup and distribution to other devices

Front panel 7-segment LED provides at-a-glance status and fault information

Autonomous Management Framework (AMF) enables powerful centralized management and zero-touch device installation and recovery. Try AMF for free with the built-in Starter license

Web-based Graphical User Interface (GUI)

Quality of Service

IP precedence and DiffServ marking based on Layer 2, 3 and 4 headers

Queue scheduling options for strict priority, weighted round robin or mixed scheduling

Taildrop for queue congestion control

Extensive remarking capabilities

Policy-based QoS based on VLAN, port, MAC and general packet classifiers

Limit bandwidth per port or per traffic class down to 64kbps

8 priority queues with a hierarchy of high priority queues for real time traffic, and mixed scheduling, for each switch port

Policy-based storm protection

Wirespeed traffic classification with low latency essential for VoIP and real-time streaming media applications

Resiliency Features

EPSRing (Ethernet Protection Switched Rings) with SuperLoop Protection (SLP) and enhanced recovery STP root guard

Loop protection: thrash limiting and loop detection

Dynamic link failover (host attach)

Control Plane Prioritization (CPP) ensures the CPU always has sufficient bandwidth to process network control traffic

PVST+ compatibility mode

VCStack fast failover minimizes network disruption

SFP+ stacking ports can be configured as 10G Ethernet ports

Long-Distance VCStack with 10G SFP+ modules (VCStack-LD)

BPDU forwarding

Security Features

MAC address filtering and MAC address lock-

Port-based learn limits (intrusion detection)

Access Control Lists (ACLs) based on layer 3 and

Private VLANs provide security and port isolation for multiple customers using the same VLAN

Secure Copy (SCP)

BPDU protection

Network Access and Control (NAC) features manage endpoint security

Dynamic VLAN assignment

Tri-authentication: MAC-based, web-based and IEEE 802.1x

DoS attack blocking and virus throttling

DHCP snooping, IP source guard and Dynamic ARP Inspection (DAI)

Strong password security and encryption

Auth fail and guest VLANs

Secure File Transfer Protocol (SFTP) client

Authentication, Authorisation and Accounting

Bootloader can be password protected for device security

Configurable ACLs for management traffic RADIUS group selection per VLAN or port

Environmental Specifications

Operating temperature range: 0°C to 50°C (32°F to 122°F)

Storage temperature range: -25°C to 70°C (-13°F to 158°F)

Operating relative humidity range: 5% to 90% non-condensing

Storage relative humidity range: 5% to 95% non-condensing

Operating altitude:

3,048 meters maximum (10,000 ft)

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Electrical Approvals and Compliances

EMC: EN55032 class A, FCC class A, VCCI class A, ICES-003 class A

Immunity: EN55024, EN61000-3-levels 2 (Harmonics), and 3 (Flicker) – AC models only

Safety

Standards: UL60950-1, CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1-03, EN60950-1, EN60825-1, AS/NZS 60950.1

Certification: UL, cUL

Restrictions on Hazardous Substances (RoHS) Compliance

EU RoHS compliant China RoHS compliant

Physical Specifications

PRODUCT	WIDTH X DEPTH X HEIGHT	MOUNTING	WEIG	PACKAGED DIMENSIONS	
I KODUCI	WIDTH A DEI TH A HEIGHT	WIOONTING	UNPACKAGED	PACKAGED	I ACKAGED DIMENSIONS
x530L-52GPX	441 x 421 x 44 mm (17.36 x 16.57 x 1.73 in)	Rack-mount	6.7 kg (14.77 lb)	8.9 kg (19.62 lb)	563 x 534 x 128 mm (22.16 x 21.02 x 5.04 in)

Power and Noise Characteristics 100-240 VAC. 50/60 Hz

	NO POE LOAD		FULL POE+ LOAD			MAX POE	POE SOURCING PORTS			
PRODUCT	MAX POWER CONSUMPTION (W)	MAX HEAT DISSIPATION (BTU/H)	NOISE (DBA)	MAX POWER CONSUMPTION (W)	MAX HEAT DISSIPATION (BTU/H)	NOISE (DBA)	POWER (W)	P0E (7.5W)	P0E (15.4W)	P0E (30W)
x530L-52GPX	95	324	42	950	3242	42	740	48	48	24

Noise: tested to ISO7779; front bystander position

Latency (microseconds)

PRODUCT	PORT SPEED					
PRODUCT	100MBPS	1GBPS	10GBPS			
x530L-52GPX	8.34µs	5.27µs	1.67µs			

Standards and Protocols

AlliedWare Plus Operating System

Version 5.4.9

Authentication

RFC 1321 MD5 Message-Digest algorithm
RFC 1828 IP authentication using keyed MD5

Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)

BGP dynamic capability

BGP outbound route filtering

RFC 1772 Application of the Border Gateway Protocol
(BGP) in the Internet
RFC 1997 BGP communities attribute
RFC 2385 Protection of BGP sessions via the TCP MD5
signature option
RFC 2439 BGP route flap damping
RFC 2858 Multiprotocol extensions for BGP-4

RFC 2918 Route refresh capability for BGP-4
RFC 3392 Capabilities advertisement with BGP-4
RFC 3882 Configuring BGP to block Denial-of-Service

(DoS) attacks
RFC 4271 Border Gateway Protocol 4 (BGP-4)
RFC 4360 BGP extended communities

RFC 4456 BGP route reflection - an alternative to full mesh iBGP

RFC 4724 BGP graceful restart

RFC 4893 BGP support for four-octet AS number space RFC 5065 Autonomous system confederations

for BGP

Encryption (management traffic only)

FIPS 180-1 Secure Hash standard (SHA-1)
FIPS 186 Digital signature standard (RSA)
FIPS 46-3 Data Encryption Standard (DES and 3DES)

Ethernet Standards

IEEE 802.2 Logical Link Control (LLC)
IEEE 802.3 Ethernet

IEEE 802.3ab1000BASE-T IEEE 802.3ae10 Gigabit Ethernet

IEEE 802.3af Power over Ethernet (PoE)
IEEE 802.3at Power over Ethernet up to 30W (PoE+)

IEEE 802.3azEnergy Efficient Ethernet (EEE)

IEEE 802.3u 100BASE-X

IEEE 802.3x Flow control - full-duplex operation

IEEE 802.3z 1000BASE-X

IPv4 Features

User Datagram Protocol (UDP) RFC 768 RFC 791 Internet Protocol (IP) Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) RFC 792 RFC 793 Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) RFC 826 Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) Standard for the transmission of IP RFC 894 datagrams over Ethernet networks RFC 919 Broadcasting Internet datagrams RFC 922 Broadcasting Internet datagrams in the presence of subnets Subnetwork addressing scheme RFC 932 Internet standard subnetting procedure RFC 950 RFC 951 Bootstrap Protocol (BootP)

RFC 1027 Proxy ARP RFC 1035 DNS client

RFC 1042 Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over IEEE 802 networks
RFC 1071 Computing the Internet checksum

RFC 1122 Internet host requirements
RFC 1191 Path MTU discovery

RFC 1256 ICMP router discovery messages
RFC 1518 An architecture for IP address allocation with
CIDR

RFC 1519 Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR)
RFC 1542 Clarifications and extensions for BootP

RFC 1591 Domain Name System (DNS)
RFC 1812 Requirements for IPv4 routers

RFC 1918 IP addressing RFC 2581 TCP congestion control

IPv6 Features

RFC 1981	Path MTU discovery for IPv6
RFC 2460	IPv6 specification
RFC 2464	Transmission of IPv6 packets over Ethernet
	networks
RFC 2711	IPv6 router alert option
RFC 3484	Default address selection for IPv6
RFC 3587	IPv6 global unicast address format
RFC 3596	DNS extensions to support IPv6
RFC 4007	IPv6 scoped address architecture
RFC 4193	Unique local IPv6 unicast addresses
RFC 4213	Transition mechanisms for IPv6 hosts and
	routers
RFC 4291	IPv6 addressing architecture

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DEC 4440	Internet Control Massacra Destroy I (ICMD) (1)	101/15/11/15	W			
RFC 4443 RFC 4861	Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMPv6) Neighbor discovery for IPv6	IGMP/MLD multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy)		Security Features SSH remote login		
RFC 4862	IPv6 Stateless Address Auto-Configuration	MLD snooping (MLDv1 and v2) PIM and PIM SSM for IPv6		SSLv2 and SSLv3		
111 0 1002	(SLAAC)	RFC 1112	Host extensions for IP multicasting (IGMPv1)		ccounting, authentication and authorisation	
RFC 5014	IPv6 socket API for source address selection	RFC 2236	Internet Group Management Protocol v2	1710710311	(AAA)	
RFC 5095	Deprecation of type 0 routing headers in IPv6		(IGMPv2)	IEEE 802.1)	(authentication protocols (TLS, TTLS, PEAP	
RFC 5175	IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) flags option	RFC 2710	Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) for IPv6		and MD5)	
RFC 6105	IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) guard	RFC 2715	Interoperability rules for multicast routing	IEEE 802.1)	(multi-supplicant authentication	
		550 0007	protocols		(port-based network access control	
Manage		RFC 3306	Unicast-prefix-based IPv6 multicast	RFC 2560	X.509 Online Certificate Status Protocol	
	se MIB including AMF MIB and SNMP traps	RFC 3376	addresses IGMPv3	DEC 2010	(OCSP)	
Optical DDN SNMPv1, v2		RFC 3810	Multicast Listener Discovery v2 (MLDv2) for	RFC 2818 RFC 2865	HTTP over TLS ("HTTPS") RADIUS authentication	
	ABLink Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)	111 0 0010	IPv6	RFC 2866	RADIUS accounting	
RFC 1155	Structure and identification of management	RFC 3956	Embedding the Rendezvous Point (RP)	RFC 2868	RADIUS attributes for tunnel protocol support	
	information for TCP/IP-based Internets		address in an IPv6 multicast address	RFC 2986	PKCS #10: certification request syntax	
RFC 1157	Simple Network Management Protocol	RFC 3973	PIM Dense Mode (DM)		specification v1.7	
	(SNMP)	RFC 4541	IGMP and MLD snooping switches	RFC 3546	Transport Layer Security (TLS) extensions	
RFC 1212	Concise MIB definitions	RFC 4601	Protocol Independent Multicast - Sparse	RFC 3579	RADIUS support for Extensible Authentication	
RFC 1213	MIB for network management of TCP/		Mode (PIM-SM): protocol specification (revised)	DEC SEGO	Protocol (EAP)	
RFC 1215	IP-based Internets: MIB-II Convention for defining traps for use with the	RFC 4604	Using IGMPv3 and MLDv2 for source-	RFC 3580 RFC 3748	IEEE 802.1x RADIUS usage guidelines PPP Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP)	
111 0 12 13	SNMP	0 .001	specific multicast	RFC 4251	Secure Shell (SSHv2) protocol architecture	
RFC 1227	SNMP MUX protocol and MIB	RFC 4607	Source-specific multicast for IP	RFC 4252	Secure Shell (SSHv2) authentication protocol	
RFC 1239	Standard MIB		·	RFC 4253	Secure Shell (SSHv2) transport layer protocol	
RFC 1724	RIPv2 MIB extension	Open SI	hortest Path First (OSPF)	RFC 4254	Secure Shell (SSHv2) connection protocol	
RFC 2578	Structure of Management Information v2	OSPF link-lo	ocal signaling	RFC 5246	Transport Layer Security (TLS) v1.2	
	(SMIv2)		authentication	RFC 5280	X.509 certificate and Certificate Revocation	
RFC 2579	Textual conventions for SMIv2		LSDB resync	DE0 5 405	List (CRL) profile	
RFC 2580 RFC 2674	Conformance statements for SMIv2 Definitions of managed objects for bridges	RFC 1245 RFC 1246	OSPF protocol analysis	RFC 5425	Transport Layer Security (TLS) transport	
NI C 2014	with traffic classes, multicast filtering and	RFC 1246	Experience with the OSPF protocol Applicability statement for OSPF	RFC 5656	mapping for Syslog Elliptic curve algorithm integration for SSH	
	VLAN extensions	RFC 1765	OSPF database overflow	RFC 6125	Domain-based application service identity	
RFC 2741	Agent extensibility (AgentX) protocol	RFC 2328	OSPFv2		within PKI using X.509 certificates with TLS	
RFC 2787	Definitions of managed objects for VRRP	RFC 2370	OSPF opaque LSA option	RFC 6614	Transport Layer Security (TLS) encryption for	
RFC 2819	RMON MIB (groups 1,2,3 and 9)	RFC 2740	OSPFv3 for IPv6		RADIUS	
RFC 2863	Interfaces group MIB	RFC 3101	OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option	RFC 6668	SHA-2 data integrity verification for SSH	
RFC 3176	sFlow: a method for monitoring traffic in	RFC 3509	Alternative implementations of OSPF area		_	
RFC 3411	switched and routed networks An architecture for describing SNMP	RFC 3623	border routers Graceful OSPF restart	Service RFC 854		
111 0 0 1111	management frameworks	RFC 3630	Traffic engineering extensions to OSPF	RFC 855	Telnet protocol specification Telnet option specifications	
RFC 3412	Message processing and dispatching for the	RFC 4552	Authentication/confidentiality for OSPFv3	RFC 857	Telnet echo option	
	SNMP	RFC 5329	Traffic engineering extensions to OSPFv3	RFC 858	Telnet suppress go ahead option	
RFC 3413	SNMP applications	RFC 5340	OSPFv3 for IPv6 (partial support)	RFC 1091	Telnet terminal-type option	
RFC 3414	User-based Security Model (USM) for			RFC 1350	Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP)	
RFC 3415	SNMPv3 View-based Access Control Model (VACM)		of Service (QoS)	RFC 1985	SMTP service extension	
KFC 3413	for SNMP		Priority tagging	RFC 2049	MIME	
RFC 3416		RFC 2211	Specification of the controlled-load network	RFC 2131 RFC 2132	DHCPv4 (server, relay and client) DHCP options and BootP vendor extensions	
	SNMP	RFC 2474	element service DiffServ precedence for eight queues/port	RFC 2616	Hypertext Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1	
RFC 3417	Transport mappings for the SNMP	RFC 2475	DiffServ architecture	RFC 2821	Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP)	
RFC 3418	MIB for SNMP	RFC 2597	DiffServ Assured Forwarding (AF)	RFC 2822	Internet message format	
RFC 3621	Power over Ethernet (PoE) MIB	RFC 2697	A single-rate three-color marker	RFC 3046	DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP	
RFC 3635	Definitions of managed objects for the	RFC 2698	A two-rate three-color marker	DEC	option 82)	
RFC 3636	Ethernet-like interface types IEEE 802.3 MAU MIB	RFC 3246	DiffServ Expedited Forwarding (EF)	RFC 3315	DHCPv6 (server, relay and client)	
RFC 4022	MIB for the Transmission Control Protocol	Docilie	nov Foaturos	RFC 3633 RFC 3646	IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6 DNS configuration options for DHCPv6	
	(TCP)		ncy Features 23 / Y.1344 Ethernet Ring Protection	RFC 3993	Subscriber-ID suboption for DHCP relay	
RFC 4113	MIB for the User Datagram Protocol (UDP)	110-1 0.002	Switching (ERPS)	0 0 7 7 0	agent option	
RFC 4188	Definitions of managed objects for bridges	IEEE 802.1a	ag CFM Continuity Check Protocol (CCP)	RFC 4330	Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP)	
RFC 4292	IP forwarding table MIB		AXLink aggregation (static and LACP)		version 4	
RFC 4293	MIB for the Internet Protocol (IP)	IEEE 802.1[D MAC bridges	RFC 5905	Network Time Protocol (NTP) version 4	
RFC 4318	Definitions of managed objects for bridges		Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP)			
RFC 4502	with RSTP RMON 2		w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)	VLAN S	• •	
RFC 4560	Definitions of managed objects for remote		adStatic and dynamic link aggregation		AN Registration Protocol (GVRP)	
	ping, traceroute and lookup operations	RFC 5798	Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol version 3 (VRRPv3) for IPv4 and IPv6		nd Provider bridges (VLAN stacking, Q-in-Q) 2 Virtual LAN (VLAN) bridges	
RFC 5424	The Syslog protocol		(vo) for it vi dild it vo		VLAN classification by protocol and port	
RFC 6527	Definitions of managed objects for VRRPv3	Routing	Information Protocol (RIP)		acVLAN tagging	
		RFC 1058	Routing Information Protocol (RIP)		** *	
	st Support	RFC 2080	RIPng for IPv6	Voice o	ver IP (VoIP)	
	Router (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM	RFC 2081	RIPng protocol applicability statement		ANSI/TIA-1057	
IGMP query	v solicitation Ding (IGMPv1, v2 and v3)	RFC 2082	RIP-2 MD5 authentication	Voice VLAN		
	ong (tamevi, vz and vs) ping fast-leave	RFC 2453	RIPv2			
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6 | x530L-52GPX 617-000660 RevA **alliedtelesis.**com

Ordering Information

NAME	DESCRIPTION	INCLUDES	STACK LICENSING	
AT-FL-x530L-01	x530L premium license	OSPFv2 (256 routes) BGP4 (256 routes) PIMv4-SM, DM and SSM v4 VLAN double tagging (Q-in-Q) RIPng (256 routes) OSPFv3 (256 routes) MLDv1/v2 PIM-SMv6/SSMv6 RADIUS-Full	One license per stack member	
AT-FL-x530-AM20-1YR	AMF Master license	AMF Master 20 nodes for 1 year	One license per stack	
AT-FL-x530-AM20-5YR	AMF Master license	AMF Master 20 nodes for 5 years	One license per stack	
AT-FL-x530L-8032	ITU-T G.8032 license	G.8032 ring protection Ethernet CFM	One license per stack member	
AT-FL-x530L-CPOE	Continuous PoE license	Continuous PoE power	One license per stack member	
AT-FL-x53L-MSTK	Mixed Stacking license	Stack x530L with x530 Series switches	One license per stack member	

Switches

19inch rack-mount brackets included

AT-x530L-52GPX-xx

48-port 10/100/1000T stackable switch with 4 SFP+ ports and 2 fixed power supplies

Where xx = 10 for US power cord

20 for no power cord

30 for UK power cord

40 for Australian power cord

50 for European power cord

10G SFP+ Modules

Any 10G SFP+ module or cable can be used for stacking with the front panel 10G ports

AT-SP10SR

10GSR 850 nm short-haul, 300 m with MMF

AT-SP10SR/I

10GSR 850 nm short-haul, 300 m with MMF industrial temperature

AT-SP10LRM

10GLRM 1310 nm short-haul, 220 m with MMF

AT-SP10LR

10GLR 1310 nm medium-haul, 10 km with SMF

AT-SP10LR/I

10GLR 1310 nm medium-haul, 10 km with SMF industrial temperature

AT-SP10LR20/I

10GER 1310nm long-haul, 20 km with SMF industrial temperature

AT-SP10ER40/I

10GER 1310nm long-haul, 40 km with SMF industrial temperature

AT-SP10ZR80/I

10GER 1550nm long-haul, 80 km with SMF industrial temperature

AT-SP10T 2, 3

10GBase-T 20 m copper

AT-SP10TW1

1 meter SFP+ direct attach cable

AT-SP10TW3

3 meter SFP+ direct attach cable

AT-SP10TW7

7 meter SFP+ direct attach cable

1000Mbps SFP Modules

AT-SPTX

10/100/1000T 100 m copper

AT-SPTX/I

100 m, 10/100/1000T SFP, RJ-45 industrial temperature

AT-SPSX

1000SX GbE multi-mode 850 nm fiber up to 550 m

AT-SPSX/I

1000SX GbE multi-mode 850 nm fiber up to 550 m industrial temperature

AT-SPEX

1000X GbE multi-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 2 km

AT-SPLX10

1000LX GbE single-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 10 km $\,$

AT-SPLX10/I

1000LX GbE single-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 10 km, industrial temperature

AT-SPBD10-13

1000LX GbE Bi-Di (1310 nm Tx, 1490 nm Rx) fiber up to 10 km $\,$

AT-SPBD10-14

1000LX GbE Bi-Di (1490 nm Tx, 1310 nm Rx) fiber up to 10 km

AT-SPBD20-13/I

1000BX GbE Bi-Di (1310 nm Tx, 1550 nm Rx) fiber up to 20 km $\,$

AT-SPBD20-14/I

1000BX GbE Bi-Di (1490 nm Tx, 1310 nm Rx) fiber up to 20 km $\,$

AT-SPLX40

1000LX GbE single-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 40 km $\,$

AT-SPBD40-13/I

1000LX GbE single-mode Bi-Di (1310 nm Tx, 1490 nm Rx) fiber up to 40 km, industrial temperature

AT-SPBD40-14/I

1000LX GbE single-mode Bi-Di (1490 nm Tx, 1310 nm Rx) fiber up to 40 km, industrial temperature

AT-SPZX80

1000ZX GbE single-mode 1550 nm fiber up to 80 km

AT-SPZX120/I

1000ZX GbE single-mode 1550 nm fiber up to 120 km $\,$



NETWORK SMARTER

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² Using Cat 6a/7 cabling

³ Up to 100 m running at 1G