

Statement of Volatility – Vostro 16 5635

⚠ CAUTION: A CAUTION indicates either potential damage to hardware or loss of data and tells you how to avoid the problem.

The Vostro 16 5635 contains both volatile and non-volatile components. Volatile components lose their data immediately after power is removed from the component. Non-volatile components continue to retain their data even after power is removed from the component. The following Non-volatile components are present on the Vostro 16 5635 system board.

Table 1. List of Non-Volatile Components on System Board

Description	Reference Designator	Volatility Description	User Accessible for external data	Remedial Action (Action necessary to prevent loss of data)
SSD drive(s)	SSD1	Non-Volatile magnetic media, various sizes in GB. SSD (solid state flash drive).	Yes	Low level format
System BIOS/EC	BIOS1 (16 MB)	Non-Volatile memory, Video BIOS for basic boot operation, PSA (on board diags), PXE diags.	No	NA
USB-Type C PD	U7201	Non Volatile memory for USB type-C PD F/W	No	NA
LCD Panel EEDID EEPROM	Part of panel assembly	Non-Volatile memory, Stores panel manufacturing information, display configuration data	No	NA
System Memory – LPDDR4X memory	Four on-board LPDDR4X memory: RAM1/RAM2/RAM3/RAM4	Volatile memory in OFF state (see state definitions later in text)	Yes	Power off system
RTC CMOS	RTC1	Non-Volatile memory 256 bytes Stores CMOS information	No	NA
Video memory – frame buffer	For UMA platform: Using system memory	Volatile memory in off state. UMA uses main system memory size allocated out of main memory.	No	Power off system
Embedded Flash in embedded controller NPCE48A	U2401	164 KB of embedded Flash memory for keyboard controller BIOS code, asset tag and BIOS passwords	No	N/A
TPM Controller	U301	Non-Volatile memory, 192K bits (24K bytes) ROM	No	N/A
SFH	Combine on BIOS ROM		No	N/A
Touch screen Embedded Flash	N/A	Non-Volatile memory	No	N/A

⚠ CAUTION: All other components on the system board lose data if power is removed from the system. Primary power loss (unplugging the power cord and removing the battery) destroys all user data on the memory (DDR4, 2667 MHz). Secondary power loss (removing the on-board coin-cell battery) destroys system data on the system configuration and time-of-day information.